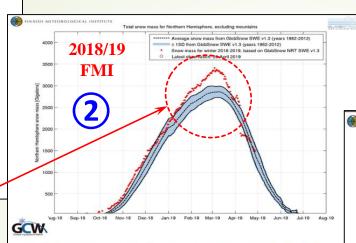
OPS-24 Northern Hemisphere Snow – December 2019 Update

The Environment Canada (EC) SWE showed the same above normal snow volumes through 2017/18 and 2018/19 as shown here with the Finnish Meteorological Institute (FMI)..



The GCW/FMI SWE Tracker is a product of the Finnish Meteorological Institute (FMI), based SlobSnow snow water equivalent (SWE). It was developed as part of the GCW Snow Watch projet Illustrates the current Northern Hemisphere snow water equivalent relative to the long-term mean variability.

Still pretty sure (95% confidence) all my grandchildren will know what snow is Mr. Gore!!!

± 1SD from GlobSnow SWE v1.3 (years 1982-2012)

2017/18

FMI

Snow Water Equivalents

(SWE) were well above normal

for the entire Northern

Hemisphere through the

2017/18 and 2018/19 winters

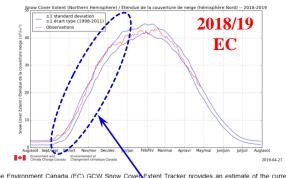
GCW

NH Snow Cover

Dec. 2019

And let's not forget that the ice over both Greenland and Antarctica are growing. Stay tuned for OPS-25.

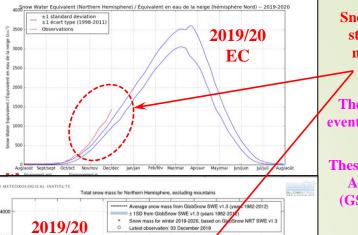
More detail? Google "Ronald Davison climate"

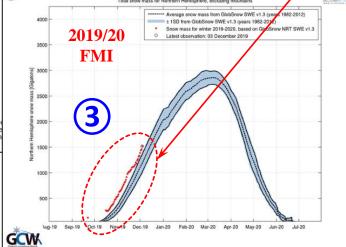


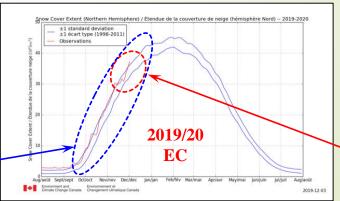
The Environment Canada (EC) GCW Snow Cover Extent Tracker provides an estimate of the curion tooftnem Hemisphere snow cover extent relative in the 1998-2011 period based on the Canada ideteorological Centre operational daily snow depth analysis. The analysis uses real-time surface snow tepth observations and model-derived information. More foromation, and trackers for North America and Eurasia, are available at the Canadian Cryospheric Information Network.

The areal extent of NH snowfall was on the high side of normal last winter and is following a similar but stronger pattern this year.

Three heavy snow years in a row!!







Snow water equivalents have started significantly above normal for the 2019/2020 winter season.

These are not localized snow events and they're accompanied by abnormal cold!

These events are not anomalies.

A Grand Solar Minimum

(GSM) pattern is setting up!

These snow events are consistent with the GSM expectations and will get worse!

These early snowfalls are causing serious problems with the global agricultural community!

These plots don't include events like Calgary's Snowmageddon (September 8th, 2014). That unprecedented early snowfall seriously damaged or destroyed 50% of Calgary's tree canopy (roughly 1 million trees)!

Significant snowfalls were experienced in the Sahara Desert in 2016, 2017 and 2018!

The severe blizzards over the last week have sharply pushed the snow extent up above the normal range.